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पाठ्यक्रम आधाचित अधिगम उद्देश्य एवं उन्हें प्राप्त कश्ने के चश्ण

प्रस्तावना

सतत एवं व्यापक आकलन की योजना के अन्तर्गत कक्षावार पाठ्यक्रम के अधिगम उद्देश्यों के सापेक्ष सीखने—सिखाने के चरणों को मुख्य रूप से दो भागों में बाँटा गया है। जिसमें से पहला भाग पाठ्यक्रम विभाजन की टर्म—1 व 2 के सोपक्ष है तथा दूसरा भाग पाठ्यक्रम विभाजन की टर्म 3 व 4 के सापेक्ष है। ऐसा इसलिए सोचा गया है कि एक कक्षा के पाठ्यक्रम को चार स्तरों पर सभी विषयों में यांत्रिक रूप से तोड़ पाना व्यावहारिक नहीं होगा। इसलिए दो भागों में विभाजन कक्षा की शुरूआत व आखिरी भाग के रूप में समझकर इसे व्यावहारिक बना सकते हैं। यह विचार व्यावहारिक रूप में सम्भव भी हो पाता है। शिक्षण व आकलन में समग्रता को समाहित करने के लिए पाठ्यक्रम का अधिक भागों में विभाजन अवरोध पैदा करता है।

टर्म— 1 एवं 2

Term	Learning Areas	Name of Lesson	Learning Objectives
	Listening with UnderstandingSpeaking with Confidence	1. We shall Overcome	 To be able to read the poem and understand the main idea To be able to learn new vocabulary given in the chapter and make a use of them in sentences To be able to answer simple questions based on the chapter To be able to recite and sing the song in the peer groups. To be able to prepare project work on the given topic
First	 Reading with Comprehension Writing (Functional Grammar) 	2. Let's Learn Pranayam	 To be able to read the paragraph and solve the given exercise To be able to learn new vocabulary given in the chapter and use them in sentences To be able to answer simple questions based on the chapter To be able to use "and", "but" and "or" in sentences. To be able to make simple sentences

Term	Learning Areas	Name of Lesson	Learning Objectives
		3.The Rats and the Elephants	 To be able to understand the text and identify the main idea of the story with less dependency on translation To be able to learn new vocabulary given in the chapter and use them in sentences To be able to interpret the pictures and arrange them in appropriate order To be able to read, understand the text and answer the given questions To be able to read and understand and identify homophones To be able to understand andmake a use of verbs in sentences. To be able to participate in a role play and enact the given roles To be able to write a paragraph and express their feelings and ideas on the given topics.
		4. School is Temple	 To be able to understand the text and identify the main idea of the dialogue To be able to learn new vocabulary given in the chapter and use them in sentences To be able to read and understand the text and answer the given questions To be able to make meaningful words from jumbled letters To be able to pronounce words and notice their ending sounds To be able to understand and use appropriate emphatic pronouns To be able to write on the given topic. To be able to share their personal experiences and views on the given topic with peers or in subgroups
		5. Adding Colours	 To be able to listen to the poem, enjoy and repeat it after the teacher To be able to learn new vocabulary given in the chapter and use them in sentences To be able to read and understand the text and answer the given questions To be able to understand and identify the colours with their names in English To be able to understand and indetify rhyming words and make a use of them in writing. To be able to differentiate between sound of letter and pronounce words correctly

Term	Learning Areas	Name of Lesson	Learning Objectives
		6. The Dussehra Festival	 To be able to understand the text and identify the main idea of the story with less dependency on translation To be able to learn new vocabulary given in the chapter and use them in sentences To be able to read and understand the text and answer the given questions To be able to understand the concept of prepositions and make a use of them in writing To be able to see the picture and use appropriate preposition in a sentence To be able to write a paragraph on the topic given.
	Listening with	7. Who will play with me	 To be able to understand the text and identify the main idea of the story To be able to learn new vocabulary given in the chapter and make a use of them in sentences To be able to read and understand the text and answer the given questions To be able to understand affirmative, negative sentences and convert affirmative sentences into negative sentences To be able to write a paragraph on the given topic To be able to understand the concept of first and third person. To be able to use opposite words in sentences.
Second	 Understanding Speaking with Confidence Reading with Comprehension Writing (Functional Grammar) 	8. A Genie whom No One Liked	 To be able to understand the text and identify the main idea of the story To be able to learn new vocabulary given in the chapter and use them in sentences To be able to arrange the sentences to form a story. To be able to read and understand the text and answer the given questions To be able to complete the given sentences using the correct form of tense (simple past) To be able to discuss and share their personal experience and views. To be able to draw a picture and describe it in a few sentences
		9. The Star	 To be able to listen to the poem, enjoy and repeat it after the teacher To be able to learn new vocabulary given in the chapter and make a use of them in sentences To be able to read and understand the text and answer the

Term	Learning Areas	Name of Lesson	Learning Objectives	
			given questions To be able to understand/ recognize rhyming words and	
			make a use of them	
			To be able to carry out a brief discussion involving seeking /giving information with peers	
			To be able to write a paragraph on the given topic	
			To be able to gather informations from community and discuss the same in class.	

टर्म- 3 एवं 4

Term	Learning Areas	Name of Lesson	Learning Objectives
Third	 Listening with Understanding Speaking with Confidence Reading with Comprehension Writing (Functional 	10. Say No to Tobacco 11. A talkative Tortoise	 To be able to understand the text and identify the main idea of the story To be able to learn new vocabulary given in the chapter and use them in sentences To be able to identify, understand opposites and make a use of them in writing To be able to read and understand the text and answer the given questions To be able to complete an incomplete dialogue. To be able to understand the text and identify the main idea of the story with less dependency on translation To be able to learn new vocabulary given in the chapter and make a use of them in sentences To be able to read and understand the text and answer the given questions To be able to use verbs "shall" and "will" in sentences To be able to write a letter to his/her friend on the given
	Grammar)	12. Chittorgarh: A Glimpses of Glory	 topic To be able to understand the text and identify the main idea of the traveller To be able to learn new vocabulary given in the chapter and use them in sentences To be able to read and understand the text and answer the given questions To be able to solve exercises given at the back of chapter To be able to understand the sentence beginning with 'There is' and 'There are' and make a use of these in writing To be able to use articles 'a' and 'an' in sentences.

Term	Learning Areas	Name of Lesson	Learning Objectives
			 To be able to share personal experiences and views with peers or in sub group To be able collect information on the given topic and write paragraph on it.
		13. Firefly in My Room	 To be able to listen to the poem, enjoy and repeat it after the teacher To be able to learn new vocabulary given in the chapter and make a use of them in sentences To be able to read and understand the text and answer the given questions To be able to write a dialogue on the given topic
Fourth	 Listening with Understanding Speaking with Confidence Reading with 	14. A Gurubhakt Girl : Kalibai	 To be able to understand the text and identify the main idea of the story . To be able to learn new vocabulary given in the chapter and make a use of them in sentences To be able to read and understand the text and answer the given questions To be able to use articles 'a', 'an' and 'the' in sentences To be able to enjoy and repeat the poem after the teacher with confidence and enthusiasm To be able to write a paragraph on the given topic.
For	Comprehension • Writing (Functional Grammar)	15. The hoice is Yours	 To be able to understand the text and identify the main idea of the story . To be able to learn new vocabulary given in the chapter and make a use of them in sentences. To be able to read and understand the text and answer the given questions. To be able to make a use of adverbs To be able to add suffix and prefix to the given words. To be able to write sentence on the given topic.



योगाटमक आकलन टूल निर्माण ब्लूप्रिट

योगात्मक आकलन टूल निर्माण ब्लूप्रिंट

प्रस्तावना

आकलन सीखने—सिखाने की प्रक्रिया का अभिन्न अंग है। इसका तात्पर्य यह हुआ कि आकलन के बगैर सीखना—सिखाना संभव नहीं है। अतः इसी विचारधारा के अनुरूप दो प्रकार के आकलनों की बात राज्य सरकार की सतत एवं व्यापक आकलन की स्कीम में की जाती है। जिसमें पहला रचनात्मक आकलन है जोि सीखने—सिखाने की प्रक्रिया में अंतर्गुथित है जोि कक्षा—कक्षीय प्रक्रिया में निरंतर होता रहता है तथा दूसरा योगात्मक आकलन है जो एक निश्चित अवधि के उपरांत बच्चे की शैक्षिक उपलब्धि का आकलन करता है। इन दोनों ही प्रकार के आकलनों के लिए एक तार्किक फ्रेमवर्क द्वारा निर्मित व्यवस्था को काम में लिया जाता है तो सीखने—सिखाने को बहुत हद तक उपयुक्त एवं आवश्यक बनाया जा सकता है। इसके लिए आकलन की एक टैक्सॉनामि को काम में लिया जाता है। जिसके अनुरूप तार्किक फ्रेमवर्क (ब्लूप्रिंट) का एक स्वरूप नीचे दिया गया है तथा इस फ्रेमवर्क के अनुसार एक टर्म का लिखित आकलन के लिए योगात्मक आकलन के टूल को भी संरचित किया गया है। आपको भी इसी तरह योगात्मक आकलन के लिए टूल की संरचना करनी होगी। जिसके लिए आइटम पूल (Question Bank) आगे दिया गया है।

योगात्मक आकलन टूल निर्माण ब्लूप्रिंट

विषय : अंग्रेजी कक्षा : 5 आकलन दूल निर्माण ब्लूप्रिंट

Skill/ Objetcive	Indicator	Question Number (Oral)	Question Number (Written)	Cognitive Area (Skill/ objectives as per the Anderson taxonomy)
Listening with	Answer simple questions	1		Application
understanding	Differentiate between sounds	2		Analysing
	Speak on a given picture	3		Application
Speaking with Confidemce	Speak on given topic	4		Application
	Rewrite rhyme	5		Remembering
	Read pictures, story or text	7 (a)		Understanding (oral)
	Read pictures, story or text	7 (b)		Understanding (oral)
			1	Understanding
Reading with	Read simple words and sentences	6		Understanding
Comprehenshion			2	Analysing
			3	Understanding
	Read pictures, story or text		4	Analysing
			5	Evaluation
	Write simple words, phrases and	8	6	Understanding
	sentences			Application
Writing and Functional	Write a short composition/ description of a picture/event/ place/thing		7	Application
Grammar	Can use correct form of verb		8	Understanding
	Can use preposition in writing		9	Understanding
	Can use pronoun in writing		10	Understanding
To	otal Question : 18	8	10	



योगात्मक आकलन हेतु भौविवक एवं लिविवत आकलन दूल नभूना पराक

प्रथम योगात्मक आकलन

विषय : अंग्रेजी कक्षा : 5

LISTENING WITH UNDERSTANDING

1. Listen the lines and respond.

Blacky likes Block.

She likes Blue Block.

She likes Black Block.

She likes Blue and Black Block.

Bloom Likes Blue Blanket.

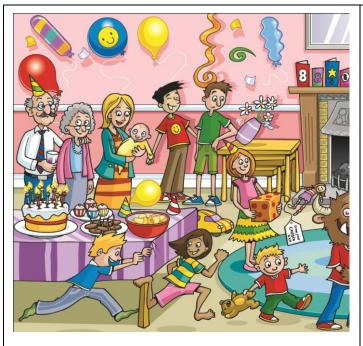
- (A) Speak words that sound like 'bl'.
- (B) Read the following words

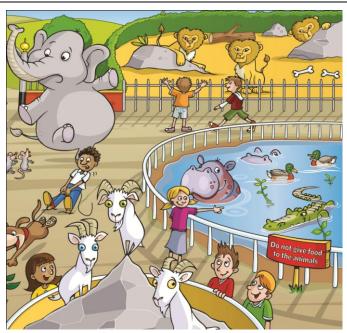
Blacky, Blue, Bloom, Blanket, Block

SPEAKING WITH CONFIDENCE

- 2. Speak few lines on any me topic.
 - a) My school
 - b) Story you liked most
 - c) Your friends
- 3. Ask the child to write rhyme being done in class.

4. Look at the picture and speak few lines on these.





READING WITH COMPREHENSION & SPEAKING WITH CONFIDANCE

5. The teacher reads the following passage to the children. The child responds to the questions based on the following text.

The gifts and sweets from dear ones

and all around us there's love,

the light of the candles below,

And the dazzling fireworks up above.

Lighting lamps at our homes,

Making everyone smile,

Putting on new clothes,

Turning out in style.

Paying respect to the gods,

And decorating for them the thali,

This is what the occasion is all about,

This is the spirit of Deepawali.

Answer the following questions

- (a) Describe the festival "Deepawali" in your own words. (Creation)
- (b) Identify rhyming words from the poem.(Remembering)
- (c) What are the things that your like the most about festivals? (Analyzing)

6. a) The teacher shows the pictures to all the students and divides the class in 5 different groups.

'Who' group

'What' group

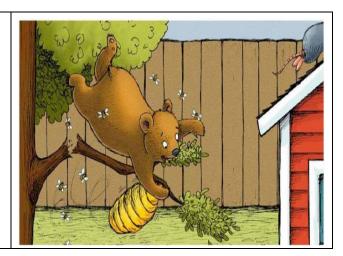
'How' group

'Where' group

'Why' group

Then she asks the following questions to the students. The students respond as per the group name i.e. who group answers all questions beginning with who, which group answers 'which' questions.

- (a) What do you think was the bear trying do?
- (b) Who do you think is running on the house?
- (c) Why did the Bear fall down?
- (d) What did the bear climb the tree for?
- (e) What do we get from the Honey Bees?
- (f) How should the Bear have climbed the tree to keep safe?



b) Read the following picture and answer the questions in sentences.



- (a) What is happening in the picture? (Understanding)
- (b) How many boys and girls are studying, in the class? (Analyzing)
- (c) Can you tell me what the teacher is teaching about ? (Remembering)
- (d) How are these two scenes different from each other? (Analysis)

WRITING

7. Dictate the sentence.

Hello! I am Pooja. I will with my family in a city named Jaipur. Last month we went to visit Udaipur. Udaipur is a beautiful place. I bought clothes, sweets, books and bags.

योगात्मक आकलन

	विषय	: अंग्रेजी			कक्षा : 5				
	शाला	का नाम :			रोल नं. :				
	विद्यार्थी	का नाम :			दिनांक :				
			READING WITH C	OMPREHENSION					
1.	Rea	d the passage caref	fully and answer the fo						
	Deepak and his father went to the market to buy vegetables. They saw a big crowd. They war know why there was such a rush. They saw a ropewalker on a rope. It was very difficult to bal on the rope. The ropewalker kept a pot in his head and tried to go from one end of the rope other. All the people clapped when he reached the other end. Why people have to do such the list part of art form?					e he			
	(a)	Why did Deepak a	and his father go to the	market?					
	(b)	(b) Where was there a big crowd?							
	(c)	(c) What was the ropewalker doing?							
	(d)	Write the opposit	e of words:						
		i) big							
		ii) difficult							
		iii) go							
		iv) buy							
2.	Circ	le the boxes that ha	ave rhyming words.						
		Cream	bowl	order	cart				
		team	doll	border	mart				
		blows	city	Kite	think				
		sees	pity	Pine	blink				
3.	Rea	ead the sentence and arrange the jumbled words.							
	(a)	used to write on t	he black board (alchk)						
	(b)	use to clean dirt a	nd dust (oborm)						
	(c)	spider makes it or	n the wall (obcewb)						
	(d)	use to throw grab	age (budtsin)						

Rearrange the sentences in correct order.

4.

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	(a)	Next, sprinkle some water onto the seeds.	()
	(b)	Next, drop a seed in each hole.	()
	(c)	First, dig some little holes in the soil in the pots.	()
	(d)	Then, cover the holes with some soil.	()
	(e)	Finally, place the pots into the sunlight.	()
5.	Read	I the sentence and put cross for incorrect sentence.		
	(a)	Priya and Karan went to school tomorrow.	()
	(b)	The teacher is teaching to her students right now.	()
	(c)	My uncle will give me a new game tomorrow.	()
	(d)	Suraj wake up at 6'0 clock yesterday.	()
	(e)	I was ride my bicycle tomorrow.	()
	(f)	I will go to school tomorrow to play with my friends.	()
		WRITING		
5.	Read	I the sentence and circle the correct words to fill in the blanks.		

- - It was _____ (raining/rained) heavily in the morning. (a)
 - Mathematics is my _____ (favourite/happy) subject. (b)
 - He wanted a gift for his ______ (birthday/morning) (c)
 - Mr Sharma _____ in class VIII (race/teaches) (d)
- 7. Write 5 lines on the picture given below.



•••••	
Cha	nge the underlined words in following sentence from present to past.
(a)	Mohit <u>sleeps</u> at 8 O'clock.
(b)	I <u>see</u> him at the shop.
(c)	Radha goes with me to the park.
(d)	The students <u>play</u> football.
(e)	We go to a picnic today.
e the	illustrations and fill in the blanks with the suitable prepositions.

The woman is standing _____ the tree.

(a)

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		(b)	The book is the table.	
		(c)	The girl in standing a bouquet.	
		(d)	The water in the glass.	
		(e)	The dog is sitting the door.	
		(f)	Raja and Seema are sitting Ravi. Ravi is sitting th	em.
10	. Fill	in the l	blanks with suitable pronouns given in the box.	
			I he she you it we they	
	(a)	Moth	her Teresa was a noble lady did a great service to mankind.	
	(b)	Gopa	al and Ali brilliant are student are at the library.	
	(c)	Peac	cock is our national bird has beautiful feathers.	
	(d)	Rani	and I are going to the circus are meeting at 3 "O" clock.	
	(e)	I hav	ve two kittens have one puppy too.	
	(f)	The b	baby is crying loudly looks hungry.	
	(g)	My b	prother lives in Bombay is a cloth merchant.	
	शिक्ष	क टिप्पण	州	
	शिक्षव	न्न का नाम	म एवं हस्ताक्षर दिनांक :	



योगाटमक आकलन प्रपञ्च बनाने हेतु विभिन्न प्रकाश के भौशिवक एवं लिशिवत प्रश्नों का संग्रह

Blue print of the Question Bank/activities booklet

Class-5

Part\ Term	Learning Area	Sub-indicator	Question Number	Anderson's Taxonomy Skill/Objective
actual	Listening with Understanding	Can follow and respond to simple instructions requests and questions	1	Understanding
I & 2) F		Can understand simple stories, narrate them orally	2	Analysing
Ę.		Answer simple questions based on it	3	Application
Module (Term-1 & 2) Factual		Can differentiate between different sounds of English	4	Application
Nod	Speaking with	Can recite simple Rhymes/ Poems	5	Remembering
_	Confidence	Can talk about one's likes and dislikes and narrate simple experiences	6, 7	Creation
		Can speak on a given picture	8	Understanding
			9	Application
			10	Analysing
		Can participate in group activity and role play	11	Understanding
		Can speak aloud with correct pronunciation	12	Remembering
			13	Remembering
			14	Understanding
	Reading with	Can read and understand simple	15	Understanding
	Comprehension	words/sentences with or without pictures	16	Remembering
			17	Application
			18, 19	Understanding

Part\ Term	Learning Area	Sub-indicator	Question Number	Anderson's Taxonomy Skill/Objective
	Writing	Can write simple words/phrases/ simple sentences	20	Conceptual Understanding
			21, 22	Conceptual Understanding
		Can write short composition/ description/place/thing	23	Conceptual Application
			24, 25, 26	Application
Module-2 (Term-3 & 4)	Listening with Understanding	Can follow and respond to simple instructions/request/question	27, 28	Understanding
erm		Can understand simple stories/ poems/	29	Remembering
2 (T		narrated orally	30	Understanding
lule-		Can differentiate between sounds of English	31	Remembering
Mod	Speaking with	Can recite simple rhymes/ poems	32	Remembering
	Confidence	Can carry-out conversation in simple sentences or speak about a picture	33, 34, 35	Creation
		Can speak aloud with correct pronunciation	36	Understanding
			37	Analysing
			38	Remembering
			39	Analysing
	Reading with Comprehension	Can read words & simple sentences with / without pictures	40	Analysing
		Can read and understand text / poems/ letters	41	Evaluation
		etc.	42, 43	Application
			44	Analysing
		Can read with comprehension	45, 46	understanding
			47	Analysing
	Writing	Can write simple words/ phrase/ simple	48	Understanding
		sentences	49	Application
			50	Remembering
			51	Analysing
		Can understand questions after reading text	52, 53	Understanding
		Can write short composition / description/	54, 57	Creation
		place/ thing	55	Remembering
			56	Understanding

Class-5 Part-1 (Term-1 and 2)

Listening with Understanding

Can follow and respond to simple instructions, requests and questions

Question 1. Teacher will speak simple sentence and will ask student to follow. (Understanding)

- (a) Please pay attention
- (b) Please go to your place.
- (c) Let us all listen to Mohit.
- (d) Can you please bring me a piece of chalk.
- (e) Take out your English book from your bag.
- (f) Keep your shoes properly
- (g) Please, don't move around. Sit at your place.
- (h) Please distribute these papers.

Understant simple stories/poems and narrate them orally, or answer questions based on it

Question 2. The teacher reads the following passage to the children.

(Analysing)

The gifts and sweets from dear ones and all around us there's love, the light of the candles below, And the dazzling fireworks up above.

Lighting lamps at our homes,
Making everyone smile,
Putting on new clothes,
Turning out in style.

Paying respect to the gods,

And decorating for them the thali,

This is what the occasion is all about,

This is the spirit of Deepawali.

Answer the following questions

- (a) Describe the festival "*Deepawali*" in your own words. (Creation)
- (b) What is so unique about festivals? (Analysing)
- (c) Identify rhyming words from the poem.(Analysing)
- (d) What is it that you find sperial about festivals?

or

What do you like the most about festivals? (Remembering)

Can differentiate b/w different so understand of English

Question 3. Teacher will read this.

Blacky lines black

She lines blue black.

She lines black black

She lines blue & black black

Bloom lines blue blanket.

- a) Can you say a few words with 'be' sound?
- b) Repeat this words after the teacher blacky, bloom, blue, blanket, black.

Speaking with Confidence

Can recite simple rhymes/poems

Question 4. Poems from the textbook or as taught by the teacher

(Remembering)

(a) The teacher will ask the students to recite a poem with proper actions and gestures, rhythm and rhyme.

Can talk about one's likes and dislikes and narrate simple experiences

Question 5. Speak about one's experience on the following

(creation)

- (a) When I was very happy
- (b) The time when I ate so much
- (c) The day I was praised by the teacher

Understand and differentiate between sounds

Question 6. Listen to the words and identify the one with different sound.

Chalk	Talk	Walk	Pick
Boon	Book	Took	Look
Fine	Nine	Line	Ten

Question 7. Listen to the word and identify the words with same sound.

- a) Close the closet, climb up and clean the club. The clan climbed up to clean the cable.
- b) The blind blue blooded boy.

Question 8. Answer the following questions orally in full sentences. The teacher asks any particular child in the classroom. (Application)

- a) When do you get up?
- b) When do you go to school?
- c) What did you eat yesterday night?
- d) Which book did you read in the morning today?

Question 9. The teacher can ask the students to narrate a story of their own choice. (Remembering)

Question 10. The class is standing in a circle. The teacher speaks a sentence and points to a student they will reply in a negative sentence. (e.g. - Using, do not, does not, not). The student then speaks a sentence and points to another student. (Teacher can begin by giving an example:- I take tea. - I do not take tea). Some examples are:

(Understanding)

- (a) We study in the evening.
- (b) I like to eat samosa.
- (c) The boy meets a dog.
- (d) Poonam does her work daily.
- (e) Do you speak English fluently?
- (f) You like in Alwar.
- (g) They are students.

Can speak on a given picture

Question 11. Look at the picture speak sentences.

(understanding)



Question 12. Look at the picture speak few lines on these.

(Applying)









Question 13. Speach about the following.

(Creating)

- a) Your Favourite sport and why you like it.
- b) What do you like to do in your tree time?
- c) Tell me the names of two kinds of food that your like and two that your don't like at all.

Question 14. Put name cards of animals, actors and actress and call one student to pick the card and evact. Others will tall who he/she is.

(Creating)

Note: Similar activity can be done on chapter's characters also.

Reading with comprehension

Read simple words/ sentences with or without pictures

Rearrange the sentence in logical order.

Question 15. Read the following picture and answer the questions in sentences

(Understanding)



(a) What is happening in the picture?

(Understanding)

(b) How many boys and girls are studying, in the class?

(Analyzing)

(c) Can you tell me what the teacher is teaching about?

(Remembering)

(d) How are these two scenes different from each other?

(Analysis)

Question 16. Look at the picture and answer these questions.



(a)	What is the buffalo doing?	
(b	Where are the horses?	
(c)	What are the three dogs doing?	
(d	Where is the cat?	
(e)	How many animals are near the cart?	
(f)	Who is running after the chicken?	
Quest	on 17. Read the following passage and answer the following.	(Analysing)
	was a nine year old boy. He lived with other homeless boys in an orpha	
	he other boys living there. This was because they had to work hard buse owner of the orphanage Mr. Gupta was a cruel man and he ill-tre	
alway of wat	s hungry. It was true that they were given three meals a day but each ery soup. They were almost starving. So it was decided by them to ask rould bell the cat?	meal consisted only of a bow
(a)	Choose an action word from above	(Analyzing)
(b)	Choose a title for the story	(Analyzing)

(c)	Why	was Sumit pal	e and thin?	(Understanding)	
(d)	How	can you say th			
(e)	Make	e a sentence w	rith 'Bell the Cat'?	(Analyzing)	
Ques	stion 18	. Read the foll	owing and answer the questions.	(Application)	
			Adding white to black we get grey		
			Every day to God we should pray		
			Adding yellow to blue we get green		
			Our house should always be tidy and clean.		
			Adding white to red we get pink		
			Morning and evening milk we must drink.		
			Adding yellow to red we get orange		
			after buying something we should count the change		
			Adding blue to red we get purple		
			Mummy and papa make a lovely couple		
(A)	Pick	out the rhymii	ng words from the poem for the words given below.	(Understanding)	
	(a)	pray			
	(b)	green			
	(c)	pink			
	(d)	•			
(D)		orange			
(B)	_		unt the change?		
(C)	Does	adding Blue a	and Red give you White.	(Evaluating)	
Ques	stion 19	. Read the pas	sage and answer the following questions.		
Long	long ag	go, a group of	rats lived happily in a forest. One day, a herd of elephar	nts passed through that	
area	in searc	ch of water.Ma	any homes of the rats were destroyed under their big fee	et. Some rats were also	
killed	l. The k	king of rats, N	Mooshakraj went to the king of elephants, Gajraj and	requested him to take	
anotl	her rout	te to the pond	. He accepted the request and told the elephants to take	the other way, without	
distu	rbing th	ne rats.			
(A)	Who	destroyed the	e homes of the rats.	(Remembering)	
	(a)	Lions			
	(b)	Deers			
	(c)	Elephants			
	(d)	Tigers			

(B)		What do we d	call the group t	he elephants	?				(Remembering)
		(a) Band							
		(b) Herd							
		(c) Flock							
		(d) Group	ı						
(C)		Can you tell a	word that sou	ınds same as '	told' an	d 'take'?			(Application)
(D)		Draw any two	scenes from t	he paragraph:	that yo	ou liked.			(Understanding)
Que	estic	on 20. Re-arra	nge the given	story in logica	I seque	nce.			(Understanding)
	(a)		time there wa		-		(Mag.
	(b)	-	oured down an			_			
	(c)		in stopped, he				(
	(d)		he forest, he w				(
	(e)	•	ced the fruit in				(
	(f)		nungry in the a				(1
	(g)	_	saw a black clo				(
		on 21. Cricle tl		3 d d 3 3 7 7 7 8 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	war as i		`		(Understanding)
	(a)	(i) Nigl		(ii) Right		(iii) bright		(iv) Sou	-
	(b)	(i) Lay		(ii) Fly		(iii) Way		(iv) Day	
	(c)	(i) Hat		(ii) Match		(iii) Batch		(iv) Cat	
	(d)	(i) Line		(ii) Dime		(iii) time		(iv) lou	
		.,	the correct op	` ,		` '		()	(Understanding)
	(a)		e		Vest	erdav			(
	(~)	(i) Maarket	(ii) Ma		-	larket	1 (vi)	Merket	
	(b)		's		• •			-	
	-	(i) School	(ii) Sko		(iii) So			School	
	(c)	Can I have a)		of wa	ter?			

	(i) glaas	(ii) glass	(iii) gelass	(iv) glas	
(d)	Vegetables	are good for			
	(i) helth	(ii) halth	(iii) health	(iv) hulth	
(e)	We	6	a film every Sunday.		
		(ii) wach	(iii) Wotch	(iv) Woch	
Questio	n 23. Given b	elow is an animal cros	s word, solve it wit	h the help of clues given	. (Understanding)
1↓				Down	Across
		4↓		1. You can ride	2. It has a long
		3→		on its back.	trunk.
				4. It lives in water only.	3. It was stripes on its body.
2->	5↓			5. A bird that can fly very high.	7. It has a long neck.
	7->	64		6. It lives in holes and is scared of cats.	
Questio	n 24. Arrange	the sentence given be	elow in the the corr	ect order.	(Understanding)
(a)	The Neem p	lant said, 'I am very st	rong. You are very v	veak.'	()
(b)	The small pl	ant bent down and sto	od up right again.		()
(c)	One day a b	ig storm came.			()
(d)	There was a	Neem Plant in the jung	gle.		()
(e)	At the foot	of the Neem tree, a sm	all plant grew.		()
(f)	The branche	es of the neem tree fell			()
(g)	We should r	not be proud and haugl	nty.		()
Questio	n 25. Look at	the picture and answe	er these questions.		(Understanding)
		(C) (R)	1. Who	is looking at the clock?	
	(Party	100 mg	2. Who	is asleep?	
	Anil	Ashok Parna	3. Who	is combing his hair?	

5.

6.

Question 26. Match the pictures.

(Understanding)

.....

Who is brushing his teeth?

Who is washing her hands?

Who is going to school?

The king of rats went to Gajraj and requsied him to change their route

A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

The herd of elephant was caught in the ropes.



The rats cut off the ropes with their sharp teeth



The elephants thanked the rats.



Many homes of the rats were destroyed by the herd of the elephants while going through that area in search of water.



Writing

Write simple words/phrases/simple sentences on topic/picture

Question 27. Write the correct forms of the verbs given in the blankets.

		cutting,	playing,	crying,	shining	
(a)	The students' are		football.			
(b)	The baby is	f	or milk.			
(c)	I am	wood.				
(d)	The sun is	be	ehind the clouds	i.		
Quest	tion 28. Write a pai	ragraph on "Re	epublic Day".			(Арр

sweets, new clothes, crackers, greet friends

Question 30. Look at the picture and write few sentences using the words given in help box. (Application)



cake, candle, children, party, photo, gifts, sweets, friends	

Question 31. Complete the composition about the picture. Add 2 more lines of your own. (Application)



				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,,	en years , s			
My frie	ends and I					We pla	ay with			and
					/ friends	are in			. We	are a
•••••		years	old. We	are in	the sa	ame			We a	ire a
		friends.								
estion 3	32. Punctuat	e the follow	ing passa	ge using f	ull stop,	question r	nark and co	omma. (A	pplicat	ion)
my bro	other is study	ving in Mana	as Ganga S	School. W	e likes hi	s school v	ery much a	nd i also v	want to	o go t
	ool in my sch					students 1	friends and	staff mer	mbers	what i
so diffe	erent about N	Manas Gang	a School v	ve will go	and see.					
	33. Identify	the words f	rom the j							
llaboor	33. Identify	the words f	rom the j							
	33. Identify	the words f	rom the j							

Question 34. Rewrite the paragraph with the help of the picture with proper punctuation marks.

(Application)

Que	The children are. Sitting in a classroom with a teacher? They are speaking to each other. The chair is on the table the blackboard is Green. There is adustbin in the class. They are not happy. There is a tree outside? A girl is cimbing the tree Question 35. Fill in the blanks.							(Application)
		isn't,	i've,	can't,	v	on't,	don't	
(a)	The monkey	y can climb the tr	ee, but the	rabbit		·		
(b)		a beautiful	day no have	e fun outsid	le.			
(c)	The baby bi	rds one in the ne	st. They		fly y	et.		
(d)	The girl is o	n the swing for a	long line. S	he		sharing	g with her sriend.	
(e)		finished my	hamemon	th. Now I w	ill go οι	ıtside anı	d play.	
(f)	Saina,	sawir	_					
			_	unctional G		_		
		Write simple w		•		ces on to	pic/picture	
Q	uestion 36. C	hoose the correc	t word and	I fill in the b	olank.			(Understanding)
(a)	She	two	hours on h	nome work.			(spend/spends))
(b)	You and h	e	cricket	regularly.			(plays/play)	
(c)	Mr. Rohit		in this so	chool.			(teach/teaches)
(d)	There	r	o street lig	ht in our co	lony.		(is/are)	
(e)) One of the soldiers a gun.						(has /have)	

Question 37. Complete the blanks in the following sentences using appropriate words from the box. (understanding)

		herself	hims	elf itself	your	self t	hemselves	myself	
(a)	Н	e cutwith	a knife	2.					
(b)	Sc	ome people talk to		•					
(c)	Ca	an you see	in the	e mirror?					
(d)	Α	cat can lick	with	its tongue.					
(e)		nurtwhile							
(f)		ne sat by							
		38. Use the following			ntences o	n the p	icture given.	(Apr	olication)
-	(i)	Don't	(ii)	Can't	(iii)	Won't	6	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	(iv)	Shan't	(v)	It's		I've			
	(14)	Sharre	(*)	10.5	(*1)	1 40	EEN	L. years	
 Que:	stion	39. Fill in the blank	s with	suitable pron	ouns fron	n the bo	ox below.	(Und	derstanding)
		Т	hem ,	l, you, us, v	ve, your,	my, m	e, our, it, its,	they	
		mit and Asif invited							
		ne hall. Hema and $_{\cdot\cdot\cdot}$						S	it next to eac
						tit	rın.		
		- Where is							
F	Raj:-		is with	n the mechan	ic.				
Þ	۹mit:	- What happened?							
F	Raj:-		chain	broke.					
,	\mit.	- Please don't disan	noint						

Questi	on 40. Choose the correct pro	onouns.	(Understanding)	
Rar	ni had a pretty kitten	(he/she) called	(him/her) kitty. Rani	
was	s worried about	(his/her). Kitty was sick	(He/She) called	
doc	tor(He	/She) came with a bag	(he/she) Said "Rani, Your	
kitt	y is sick."			
Questic	on 41. Change the following s	sentence present to past.	(Understanding)	
(a)	Mohit <u>sleeps</u> at 8 o' clock.			
	Mohit slept at 8 o' clock.			
(b)	I <u>see</u> him at the shop.			
(c)	Radha goes with me to the	park.		
(d)	The students <u>play</u> football.			
(e)	We go on a picnic today.			
Questic	on 42. Complete the given se	ntences using following "prepositions."	(Understanding)	
		into , with , from , for , in , on		
(a)	The toys are	the table.		
(b)	These stories are interestin	gchildre	en.	
(c)	Mother is cutting vegetable	es a knif	e.	
(d)	My father came	Jaipur.		
(e)	He is jumping	the pond.		
(f)	The sun is	the sky.		

the box	and fill in the blanks.	(U	nderstanding)
(a)	The squirrel has a long	(tail / tale)	
(b)	I have to leave at	(too / two)	
(c)	This sum is	(right / write)	
(d)	I can the b	oird's song. (hear / here)	
(e)	I the answ	ver. (no / know)	
(f)	The king sits on the	(thrown / throne))
(g)	He is our school	(principal / princi	ple)
Question 44. Convert the sentence from present tense to past tense. (Understanding			nderstanding)
(a)	He reads the newspaper.		
(b)	Mother is cooking dinner.		
(c)	Somebody has broken the window.		
(d)	The boy fly kites.		
(e)	She is happy to get this news.		
(f)	They are moving in the water.		

Question 43. Some words have similar sounds, but different meanings. Choose the correct word from

Class-5 Part-2 (Term-3 and 4)

Listening with Understanding

Follow and respond to simple instructions, request and question

Question 45. Respond to the following instructions -(Understanding) (a) Do you exercise daily? (b) Why is an exercise necessary for us? Tell the names of things that trees give us. (c) (d) Have you seen an aeroplane? (e) Where does an aeroplane travel? (Understanding) Question 46. Listen to simple sentence and respond. The place where the kings and queens live (a) (b) We eat food through our ______. We use it to sit upon _____. (c) The building where the old things of historical inferest are kept ______. (d) Question 47. Activity: The teacher speaks following sentence and ask child to join with a conjunction (but, and & because). (Application) I like Mangoes. I don't like Bananas (a)

- (b) The Tiger runs faster than hare. The Tiger runs faster than a cat
- (c) I could not sleep last night. I was tired.

Understand simple stories /poems narrated orally

Question 48. Any poem that has been done in the classroom appropriate to the age and class

Question 49. Listen to the poem and respond to the questions (Bilingually if needed).

I sneak down after homework

and turn the set on low.

But when she sees me watching it,

My mother shouts: NO!

Dad says: if you don't turn it off,

I'll hang it from a tree!

I rather doubt he'll do it.

cause he watches more than me.

The teacher asks the following questions

- (A) What does 'turn the set on low 'mean?
- (B) What is the problem that the person faces in the poem?
- (C) Do you watch TV at have? What programmes do you usuaily watch?

Differentiate between sounds of English

Can be tested through any Listening, speaking, reading skills					
Ques	tion 50. Tell th	ne odd one out			(Understanding)
(a)	True	Trunk	Tree	Bee	
(b)	Charcoal	Charm	Chair	Come	
(c)	Blossom	Bottom	Bloat	Block	
Ques	tion 51. Stude	nt will be aske	d to Yes, it is o	r No, it is not for the rhyming words tl	ney hear.
a)	ear	year			
b)	slow	go			
c)	year	deer			
d)	kite	bite			
e)	right	tight			
f)	fun	tune			
			<u>Speakin</u>	g with confidence	
			Recite sin	nple rhymes/poems	
Ques	tion 52. Any p	oem that the t	eacher has doi	ne in the class.	
	Ca	irry out conver	sations in simp	ole sentences or spean about a no pict	ure
Ques	tion 53. The t	eacher will as	k the students	to discuss with their friends (work	in pairs) on: "What
	-		en to meet a g	genie" and share it with the class. The	e student will share
the s	tory in the clas	SS.			
Ques	tion 54. The te	eacher will ask	her/his studer	nts to speak 3-4 sentences on any one	<u>-</u>
					(Creation)
(a)	My best frie	nd			
(b)	My school				
(c)	My family				
(d)	What I did y	•			
(d)	When I was	very angry			
				er/his students. She/he will encourage : (Names of the students may be chan	ged).
					(Understanding)
Teacl	ner: Good m	norning student	ts		
Stude	ents				
Teacl	ner: Have yo	ou completed y	our work, Moh	an?	
Moh	an :				

Teacher :	Which fruit do you like, Poonam?
Poonam:	
Teacher :	Have you recited the poem, "Twinkle, twinkle little star", Afsana? sing it.
Afcana .	

In this way every student should be encouraged to carry out conversation in the simple sentences

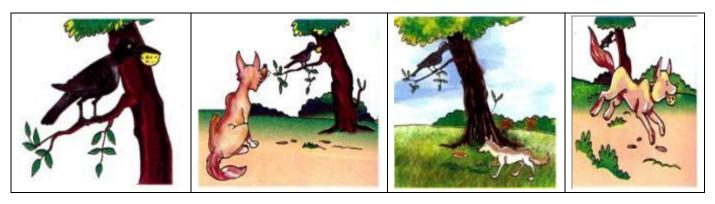
Question 56. The teacher engages the children in a general conversation with the students and asks the following.

(Analysing)

- (a) Why is chewing *gutkha* bad for us?
- (b) Why do we wash our hands before eating?
- (c) Why are you always asked to cut your nails?
- (d) Why should you bathe daily?

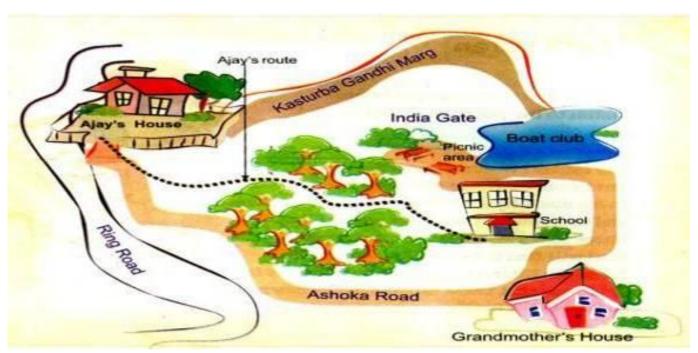
Speak simple sentences in picture

Question 57. Narrate a story based on the sequence of the pictures.



Question 58. Look at the picture and tell how many ways can you take to reach school from Home.

(Analysis)



Question 59. Look the following picture and share what all you do when with friends in the garden? (Remembering)



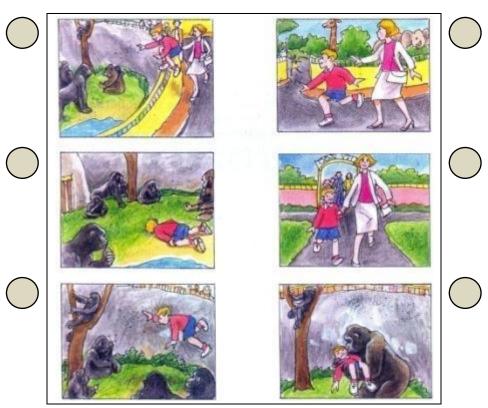
Reading with Comprehension

Can read word and simple sentences with/without pictures

Question 60. Teacher will write the sentences on the blackboard and will ask the student to rearrange the steps of making greeting card in the correct order. (Analyzing)

(a)	Write your message inside the card.	()
(b)	Draw a boundary line along all the side of the cards	()
(c)	Write friends name on top and own name of the bottom.	()
(d)	Now draw some flowers or patterns outside colour them with crayons	()
(e)	Collect a sheet of card paper, a pair of water colour, brush, a pencil, eraser, rules, and	d a glue l	bottle.
		1	١

Question 61. Look at these picture and read it. Re-arrange the pictures.



Question 62. Use the map to answer the questions.

	(a)	What does the dotted line on the map show?		
	(b)	Which road would Ajay take to get to the boat club?	HIII SANGE	
	(c)	Which road passes by Ajay's house?	dmother's Hou	-
(d	 I) \	Which road was attached to grandmother's house?	•••••	•••••
		63. Here is a story of a hungry lion and a wise jackal, the sequence of which is jum he story in right order? (Analy	_	 o. Re-
(a	ı) H	He saw a big cave which was the home of jackal.	()
(b	-	The lion said to himself, 'I should go in and wait for him. I am sure he will just walk in mouth'.	and int	o my
(c	:) <i>A</i>	A hungry lion was searching for food one day but he could not find any animal to kill.	()
(d	(d) The jackal was clever. He called out in a loud voice, "Hello, cave! Why don't you answer me? you always welcome me when I return home. Why are you so quiet today?			
(e	e) T	The wise jackal went away to look for another cave.	()
(f) S	So the lion roared, "Hello, Welcome home, my friend."	()
		Can read and understand text, poem, prose, letter etc.		
Ques	tion	64. Read this passage and answer the following questions. (Understanding and	Applica	tion)
		elevision was invented by John Logie Baird. With this invention, cinema came into we can watch live and recorded programmes sitting at home.	our ho	mes.
ca	alled	documentaries. Cinema has helped people living in different parts of the world to each other's culture.		
(a	ı) \	Who invented the television?		
(b	o) H	How has cinema helped people living in different parts of the world?		
(c		What are your views about cinema? Give one advantage and one disadvantage		

Disadvantage
Question 65. Read the passage and answer the following questions. (Understanding)
Once there lived an old man in Rampur, a village in central India. His name was Rajaram. He was a farmer. He had two sons, Shiva and Shambhu. It was through sheer hard work that he was able to amass some money.
However, while he was very hardworking his sons were extremely lazy. They hated the sight and thought of work. Moreoever, they could not stand each other and fought day and night. In spite of all his efforts Rajaram could not change the attitude of his sons.
(a) Who was Rajaram?
(b) Where did he live?
(c) What was the difference between Rajaram and his sons?
(d) How do we know that Shiva and Shambhu did not like each other?
(e) Write "True" or "False" for the following statements.
(i) Rajaram was very poor.
(ii) Rajaram had two sons.
(iii) Shiva and Shambhu were very hard working.
(iv) Rajaram changed the attitude of his sons.
Question 66. Given below is an animal cross word, solve it with the help of clues given. (Application)

Advantage

Que

¹↓ h						
			4 ↓ f			
					<u> </u>	
2→ e	^{5↓} e					
				 ~~~~		
	^{7→} <b>g</b>	<b></b>		 ~~~~		
	7 . —		******			***

Down	Across
1. You can	2. It has a
ride on its	long trunk.
back.	3. It wears
4. It lives in	stripes on its
water only.	body.
5. A bird that	7. It has a
can fly very	long neck.
high.	
6. It lives in	
holes and is	
scared of cats.	

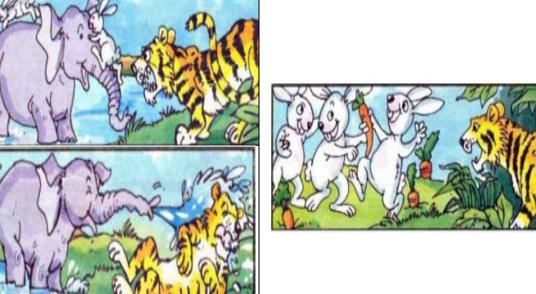
Question 67. Match the two halves of the statements in column A and B.

(Understanding)

## A I can't buy my sweets. because there is no petrol in the tank. I can't sit down because he has lost his money. The car won't start because I don't have any money. because the chair is broken. The man is angry

### Question 68. Rearrange the sentences in correct order. (Analyzing) (a) Next, sprinkle some water on the seeds. (b) Next, drop a seed in each hole. (c) First, dig some little holes in the soil in the pots. (d) Then, cover the holes with some soil. (e) Finally, place the pots in the sunlight.

### Question 69. Rearrange the following to make a story.



### Rearrange the following to make the story

(a)	The rabbit saw carrots and became very happy	(	)
(b)	The elephant filled it's trunk with water	(	)
(c)	The elephant below the water on the Tiger.	(	)
(d)	He leaped on them	(	)
(e)	While they were eating a Tiger saw them	(	)
(f)	The rabbits got scared and ran to an elephant	(	)

Question 70. Rearrange the words to make meaningful sentence.

(Understanding)

B

(Analyzing)

Ques	tion 71. Rearrange the sentences to make a story by looking at the picture.	(Analyzing)
(d)	a time / once / jackal / upon / was / there / a.	
(c)	sitting / on / branch / a / big / the / monkey/is.	
(b)	is / national / another / festival / Gandhi Jayanti.	
(a)	lays / wreath / at the / a / Prime / Minister / the / Amar Jawan Jyoti.	



# The Story of a Pup

(A)	Rita carried the puppy home.	(	)	
(B)	The next day, her father phoned the Kennel Club.	(	)	
(C)	Rita found the cute puppy on the roadside.	(	)	
(D)	Rita cried as she said 'Goodbye' to the puppy.	(	)	
(E)	It was hungry and dirty.	(	)	
(F)	Two days later two men of the Kennel Club came and took the puppy away.	(	)	
(G)	She wanted to keep the puppy but her father did not want it.	(	)	
(H)	She cleaned the puppy and gave it milk and biscuits.	(	)	
(1)	Rita and puppy played together. Rita was happy having a puppy.	(	)	
(J)	Puppy was also happy with Rita.	(	)	
(K)	Rita could not forget the puppy for a long time.	(	)	
			••••••	

		Writing	
	Can writ	te simple words/phrases/simple sente	ences
Question 7	2. Punctuate the sentend	ce using correct punctuation marks.	
love and ca	re there are many organ	mily and friends. There are many peonisations and people who devote thein appy by telling them stories and playing	r time to caring for such people.
Question 7	3. Write a paragraph on	a favorite place you have visited.	(Creation)
Question 7	4. Form appropriate wor	ds using "un, ful and ly"	(Remembering)
		bright, educated, bright, power, beau	
<u> </u>		eg : unlock, playful, happily	
	un	ful	ly
Ouestion 7	5 Look at the nicture an	d write a story using help hoy	(Creation)

# What is the problem? How do they solve the problem? Question 76. Look at the picture and write a story. (Creation)

Question 77. Imagine you are on vacation for one month. What would you do? Use words in the box.

Help: The story can be around these point

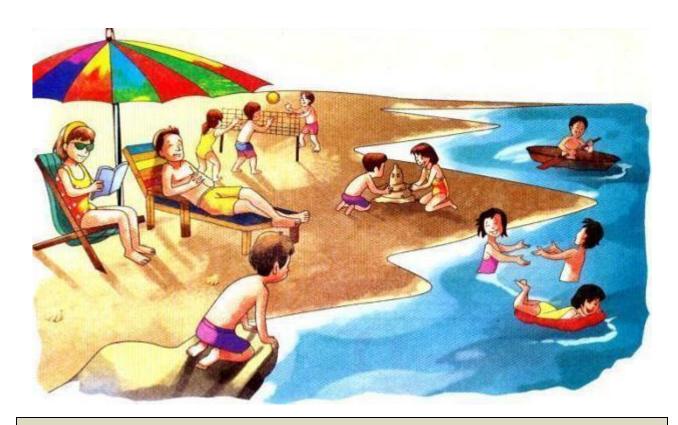
Who are in the story?

Where is the story taking place?

(Creation)

grandmother, study, trees, grow, fun, en	joy , home work , water
78. Look at the picture and write a story on "The gree	edy dog" with the help of key word (Cı
log , bone , cross , river , look , rellection , want the	

summer , village , field , friends , play , cook , food , chutney , plants ,

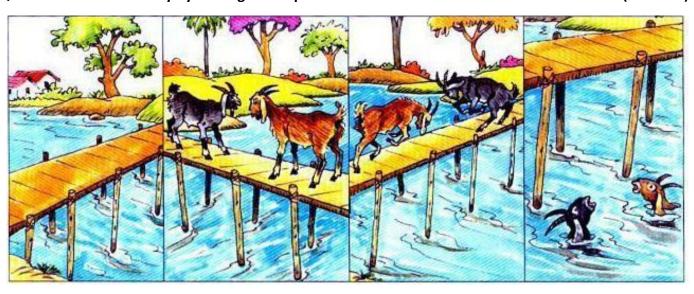


Help Box: sitting, resting, boat, playing, building, playing, reading, enjoying, fine

Suman and her family	have gone to Goa for holiday. They are (a)	themselves.
The weather is (b)		a book. Her father is
(d)		in the water. A
boy is (f)	on the rock. Another boy is rowing a (g)	
children are (h)	sandcastles. Others are (i)	netball.

# Question 80. Write a story by looking at this picture scene.

(Creation)



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Question 81	Look at these picture scenes and write sentences.	(Creation)

Ques	tion 82. Tick the contracted f	orm for	the underlined wo	ords.	(Analysing)
(a)	I <u>can not</u> go out to play.		(i) can't	(ii) can'not	
(b)	<u>I am</u> going to Ajmer.		(i) I'm	(ii) I'am	
(c)	We <u>should</u> not waste the w	ater.	(i) should not	(ii) should n't	
(d)	You <u>must not</u> drink wine.		(i) must'not	(ii) mustn't	
(e)	They are coming from Kolka	ata.	(i) they' re	(ii) they' are	
Ques	tion 83. Write sentences. Use	e the fol	lowing in the sente	ences.	(Application)
	Near (	On	Behind	In	And
Ques	tion 84. Find the opposite of	the follo	owing words.		(Remembering)
(a)	Black		(b) dirty		
(c)	Selling		(d) never		
	tion 85. Some words have soox and fill in the blanks.	imilar s	ounds, but differe	nt meanings. Choos	e the correct word from (Analyzing)
(a)	The squirrel has a long		tail/tale)		

(b)		I have to leave at(too /two)	
(c)		This sum is(right / write)	
(d)		I can the bird's song. (hear / here)	
(e)	)	I the answer. (no / know)	
(f)		The king sits on the(thrown / throne)	
(g)		He is our school(principal / principle)	
Qι	ıesti	tion 86. Tick the correct short form in correct sentence.	(Analysis)
	(a)	a) I'ill celebrate my birthday next month.	
		I'll celebrate my birthday next month.	
	(b)	b) He'd watch the favourite T.V. show.	
		He'uld watch the favourite T.V. show	
	(c)	c) They've three cars.	
		They'ave three cars.	
	(d)	d) I'm a doctor.	
		l'am a doctor.	
	(e)	e) You' are an honest boy.	
		You're an honest boy.	
Qι	ıesti	tion 87. Read the passage and fill in the blanks using contracted form. (Un	derstanding)
	Hi,	i, (I am) Raj. Today is my first day in my new school. Right now,	
	(It	t is) lunch time, and (they have) taken their lunch. For	lunch today
		(I have) got puri and subzi. Then(It is) t	ime to study
	•••••	(I have) many friends but Mohan is my best friend	(He will) sing a
	sor	ong on my birthday (He is) very honest boy. I like him.	
Qı	ıesti	tion 88. Use has/have/had correctly in the blanks given below. (Un	derstanding)
	(a)	a) Dad usually biscuits with his tea.	

(b)	T	an interesting book to read tonight.	
(c)	She	a cold. Now she is better.	
(d)	They	rice for dinner every day.	
(e)	He	a driving lesson every day.	
(f)	I am sorry but I	to go now.	
Questic	on 89. Fill in the blanks	by choosing the correct preposition with help box.	(Understanding)
		in , on , at , from , to , from , with , under	
(a)	I went to school	my brother.	
(b)	Mother came back lat	e office.	
(c)	The school bell always	s rings time.	
(d)	I was	home when I got the news.	
(e)	Seema went	the market.	
(f)	Stay away	the wires fallen on the ground.	
(g)	Don't use electric tool	s the rain.	
(h)	The cat is sleeping	the tree.	
Questic	on 90. Tick correct word	ls given in the brackets and write it.	(Analysis)
(a)		is there in your home? (who / how)	
(b)		is the first prime minister of india? (Which / who)	
(c)		did you come? (Who, When)	
(d)		do you live? (Where / whom)	
(e)		launched the non-cooperation movement? (who / w	vhere)
(f)		are you going? (How / Where)	
Questic	on 91. Read the passage	carefully and change it to the Past Tense.	(Understanding)

m	inutes and <u>dashes</u> out of	the house to catch the school bus.			
Pa	ast Tense : My brother wo	oke up very late			
••••					
••••					
Quest	tion 92. Tick (√) the again	nst the correct words.	(Understanding)		
(A	) We did not (shoot/sho	ut) in the class.			
(B	) (which/witch) class is r	making noise?			
(C	) He (heard/herd) a loud	I sound.			
(D	The bird (flew/flu) above my head.				
(E	) I can (see/sea) with ey	es.			
Quest	tion 93. Fill in the blanks	with correct homophone in brackets.	(Understanding)		
(A	.) The	(storey/story) of king Arthur is very interesting.			
(B	) My flat is on the third	(storey/story) of the building.			
(C	) Mona's	(new/knew) dress was spoilt because she fell in	to a puddle.		
(D	) Anil	(new/knew) that he had done well in exam.			
(E	) The	(sun/son) shone brightly on the day of the picnic, b	ut it was still very cold		
(F	) Dileen was Sir Harish's	(son/sun).			

My brother  $\underline{\text{wakes up}}$  very late. He  $\underline{\text{rushes}}$  out of bed and  $\underline{\text{runs}}$  to take a shower. After the shower he